1. Coversheet ID #’s:  
2.  
REINTERVIEW  
OCTOBER 2005

3. RDD ID NUMBER

2. RESPONDENT’S  
AREA CODE

3. Interviewer’s ID No. ________________

4. Date IW Began _____________________

5. Date IW Completed ___________________

6. Length of IW ____________ (Minutes)

7. Length of Edit ____________ (Minutes)

8. Supervisor’s ID No. ________________

9. Coders’ ID No. ________________

10. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

   COMPLETE:
   
   1. IW COMPLETED WITH NO  
      INTERRUPTION REQUIRING CALLBACK
   
   2. IW COMPLETED WITH ONE OR MORE  
      INTERRUPTIONS REQUIRING CALLBACK

   PARTIAL:
   
   3. BREAKOFF BEFORE SECTION E
   
   4. BREAKOFF DURING SECTION E
   
   5. BREAKOFF AFTER SECTION E

11. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

   1. COVERSHEET IS RDD
   
   2. COVERSHEET IS RECONTACT

12. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

   INTERVIEW LANGUAGE:
   
   1. ENGLISH
   
   2. SPANISH

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT **MUST** BE READ TO ALL RESPONDENTS:

This interview is confidential and completely voluntary--if we should come to any question that you don’t want to answer, just let me know and we’ll go on to the next question.

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T1. Did R provide any information not already recorded in the interview or in a marginal note about changes which may have occurred to R or family members during the past year in any of the following:

a. job status?  NO  YES -> SPECIFY:________________________________________

b. health? NO  YES -> SPECIFY:________________________________________

c. living arrangements? NO  YES -> SPECIFY:________________________________

d. finances? NO  YES -> SPECIFY:________________________________________

f. other changes? NO  YES -> SPECIFY:_____________________________________

T2. Please describe any ambiguous or conflicting situation that you want coding to know about:

NONE____________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

T3. Were there any serious problems with the interview, such as R's difficulty in hearing or understanding the questions, etc., which affected the quality of the interview?

NONE____________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________
A2. We are interested in how people are getting along financially these days. Would you say that you (and your family living there) are better off or worse off financially than you were a year ago?

1. BETTER NOW 3. SAME 5. WORSE 8. DON’T KNOW

A2a. Why do you say so? (Are there any other reasons?) ______________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

A3. Now looking ahead--do you think that a year from now you (and your family living there) will be better off financially, or worse off, or just about the same as now?

1. WILL BE BETTER OFF 3. SAME 5. WILL BE WORSE OFF 8. DON’T KNOW

A4. Now turning to business conditions in the country as a whole--do you think that during the next 12 months we’ll have good times financially, or bad times, or what?

1. GOOD TIMES 2. GOOD WITH QUALIFICATIONS 3. PRO-CON
4. BAD WITH QUALIFICATIONS 5. BAD TIMES 8. DON’T KNOW

A5. Would you say that at the present time business conditions are better or worse than they were a year ago?

1. BETTER NOW 3. ABOUT THE SAME 5. WORSE NOW
A6. During the last few months, have you heard of any favorable or unfavorable changes in business conditions?

[ ] YES  [ ] NO; HAVEN‘T HEARD  [ ] GO TO A7

A6a. What did you hear? (Have you heard of any other favorable or unfavorable changes in business conditions?)

______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________

IF NOT CLEAR WHETHER A CHANGE IS FAVORABLE OR UNFAVORABLE, PROBE: “Would (MENTION CHANGE) be favorable or unfavorable?” AND NOTE “FAVORABLE” OR “UNFAVORABLE.”

A7. And how about a year from now, do you expect that in the country as a whole business conditions will be better, or worse than they are at present, or just about the same?

[ ] 1. BETTER A YEAR FROM NOW  [ ] 3. ABOUT THE SAME  [ ] 5. WORSE A YEAR FROM NOW
A8. Looking ahead, which would you say is more likely—that in the country as a whole we’ll have continuous good times during the next 5 years or so, or that we will have periods of widespread unemployment or depression, or what?

____________________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________________

IF R ANSWERS IN COMPARATIVE TERMS, I.E., “BETTER,” “WORSE,” OR “SAME,” PROBE: “Would that be good times or bad times?”

A9. As to the economic policy of the government--I mean steps taken to fight inflation or unemployment--would you say the government is doing a good job, only fair, or a poor job?

1. GOOD JOB  3. ONLY FAIR  5. POOR JOB  8. DON’T KNOW

A10. How about people out of work during the coming 12 months--do you think that there will be more unemployment than now, about the same, or less?

1. MORE UNEMPLOYMENT  3. ABOUT THE SAME  5. LESS UNEMPLOYMENT

A11. No one can say for sure, but what do you think will happen to interest rates for borrowing money during the next 12 months--will they go up, stay the same, or go down?

1. GO UP  3. STAY THE SAME  5. GO DOWN  8. DON’T KNOW
A12. During the next 12 months, do you think that prices in general will go up, or go down, or stay where they are now?

1. GO UP  
2. GO UP  
3. WILL NOT GO UP  
4. STAY THE SAME  
5. GO DOWN  
6. DON’T KNOW

A12a. Do you mean that prices will go up at the same rate as now, or that prices in general will not go up during the next 12 months?

1. GO UP  
2. GO UP  
3. WILL NOT GO UP

A12b. By about what percent do you expect prices to go (up/down) on the average, during the next 12 months? (USE PROBE BELOW IF ANSWER IS GREATER THAN 5%)

_________________ PERCENT  
DON’T KNOW

A12c. (AFTER A DON’T KNOW RESPONSE IS PROBED, IF R SAYS, “I DON’T KNOW”, USE THE FOLLOWING PROBE:)

(USE PROBE BELOW IF ANSWER IS GREATER THAN 5%)

How many cents on the dollar do you expect prices to go (up/down) on the average, during the next 12 months?

_________________ CENTS ON DOLLAR  
98. DON’T KNOW

IF R GIVES AN ANSWER THAT IS GREATER THAN 5%, PLEASE PROBE WITH:
“Let me make sure I have that correct. You said that you expect prices to go (up/down) during the next 12 months by (X) percent. Is that correct?”
A13. What about the outlook for prices over the next 5 to 10 years? Do you think prices will be higher, about the same, or lower, 5 to 10 years from now?

1. HIGHER
2. GO UP
3. WILL NOT GO UP
4. STAY THE SAME
5. LOWER
6. DON’T KNOW

A13a. Do you mean that prices will go up at the same rate as now, or that prices in general will not go up during the next 5 to 10 years?

2. GO UP
3. WILL NOT GO UP

A13b. By about what percent per year do you expect prices to go (up/down) on the average, during the next 5 to 10 years? (USE PROBE BELOW IF ANSWER IS GREATER THAN 5%)

__________PERCENT

A13c. (AFTER A DON’T KNOW RESPONSE IS PROBED, IF R SAYS, "I DON’T KNOW", USE THE FOLLOWING PROBE:)

How many cents on the dollar per year do you expect prices to go (up/down) on the average, during the next 5 to 10 years?

__________CENTS ON DOLLAR

98. DON’T KNOW

IF R GIVES AN ANSWER THAT IS GREATER THAN 5%, PLEASE PROBE WITH:
"Would that be (X) percent per year, or is that the total for the next 5 to 10 years?"

IF R HAS GIVEN A TOTAL FOR THE NEXT FIVE TO TEN YEARS, ASK:
"About what percent per year would that be?"
A14. During the next year or two, do you expect that your (family) income will go up more than prices will go up, about the same, or less than prices will go up?

1. INCOME UP MORE THAN PRICES
3. INCOME UP SAME AS PRICES
5. INCOME UP LESS THAN PRICES
8. DON’T KNOW

A15. During the next 12 months, do you expect your (family) income to be higher or lower than during the past year?

1. HIGHER
3. ABOUT THE SAME
5. LOWER
8. DON’T KNOW

GO TO A16

A15a. By about what percent do you expect your (family) income to (increase/decrease) during the next 12 months?

________________PERCENT
98. DON’T KNOW

A16. Generally speaking, do you think now is a good time or a bad time to buy a house?

1. GOOD
3. PRO-CON
5. BAD
8. DON’T KNOW

NEXT PAGE, A17

A16a. Why do you say so? (Are there any other reasons?) _______________

_____________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________
A17. What about selling a house -- generally speaking, do you think now is a good time or a bad time to sell a house?

1. GOOD  3. PRO-CON  5. BAD  8. DON’T KNOW

GO TO A18

A17a. Why do you say so? (Are there any other reasons?) ____________________________

____________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________

A18. About the big things people buy for their homes--such as furniture, a refrigerator, stove, television, and things like that. Generally speaking, do you think now is a good or a bad time for people to buy major household items?

1. GOOD  3. PRO-CON  5. BAD  8. DON’T KNOW

GO TO A19

A18a. Why do you say so? (Are there any other reasons?) ____________________________

____________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________

____________________________________________________________________
A19. Speaking now of the automobile market—do you think the next 12 months or so will be a good time or a bad time to buy a vehicle, such as a car, pickup, van or sport utility vehicle?

1. GOOD  3. PRO-CON  5. BAD  8. DON’T KNOW

A19a. Why do you say so? (Are there any other reasons?) __________________

_________________________  

_________________________  

A20. Do you think that the price of gasoline will go up during the next five years, will gasoline prices go down, or will they stay about the same as they are now?

1. GOUP  3. STAY THE SAME  5. GO DOWN  8. DON’T KNOW

A20a. About how many cents per gallon do you think gasoline prices will (increase/decrease) during the next five years compared to now?

____________  CENTS PER GALLON  998. DON’T KNOW

A20b. Now thinking only about the next twelve months, do you think that the price of gasoline will go up during the next twelve months, will gasoline prices go down, or will they stay about the same as they are now?

1. GO UP  3. STAY THE SAME  5. GO DOWN  8. DON’T KNOW

A20c. About how many cents per gallon do you think gasoline prices will (increase/decrease) during the next twelve months compared to now?

____________  CENTS PER GALLON  998. DON’T KNOW
A21. To get a picture of people's financial situation we need to know the general range of income of all people we interview. Now, thinking about (your/your family's) total income from all sources (including your job), how much did (you/your family) receive in 2005?

999998. DON'T KNOW

GO TO A26

GO TO A22
A22. Did (you/your family) receive $50,000 or more in 2005?

YES

A22a. Was it $60,000 or above?

YES 10. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22b. Was it $75,000 or above?

YES 11. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22c. Was it $100,000 or above?

YES 12. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22d. Was it $125,000 or above?

YES 13. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22e. Was it $150,000 or above?

YES 14. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22f. Was it $175,000 or above?

16. YES 15. NO

NO

A22g. Was it $10,000 or above?

YES 01. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22h. Was it $15,000 or above?

YES 02. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22i. Was it $20,000 or above?

YES 03. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22j. Was it $25,000 or above?

YES 04. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22k. Was it $30,000 or above?

YES 05. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22l. Was it $35,000 or above?

YES 06. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22m. Was it $40,000 or above?

YES 07. NO

NEXT PAGE, A26

A22n. Was it $45,000 or above?

09. YES 08. NO
A26. Do you (and your family living there) own your home, pay rent, or what?

1. OWNS OR IS BUYING   2. RENT   7. OTHER (SPECIFY):________________

GO TO A28

A27. Do you think the present value of your home--I mean, what it would bring if you sold it today--has increased compared with a year ago, has decreased compared with a year ago, or has it remained about the same?

1. INCREASED IN VALUE   3. SAME   5. DECREASED IN VALUE

A28. The next few questions ask about your views of the chances that various events will happen. Your answers can range from zero to one hundred, where zero means there is absolutely no chance, and one hundred means that it is absolutely certain. For example, when weather forecasters report the chance of rain, a number like 20 percent means “a small chance,” a number around 50 percent means “a pretty even chance,” and a number like 80 percent means “a very good chance.”

A28a. What do you think the chances are that your (family) income will increase by more than the rate of inflation during the next five years or so?

________PERCENT

A28b. During the next 5 years, what do you think the chances are that you (or your husband/wife) will lose a job that you wanted to keep?

________PERCENT

A28c. What do you think the chances are that [IF R UNDER AGE 65] (when you retire,) your income from Social Security and job pensions will be adequate to maintain your living standards?

________PERCENT

A28d. Compared with 5 years ago, do you think the chances that you (and your husband/wife) will have a comfortable retirement have gone up, gone down, or remained about the same?

1. GONE UP   3. SAME   5.GONE DOWN
A29. The next question is about investing in the stock market. Please think about the type of mutual fund known as a diversified stock fund. This type of mutual fund holds stock in many different companies engaged in a wide variety of business activities. Suppose that tomorrow someone were to invest one thousand dollars in such a mutual fund. Please think about how much money this investment would be worth one year from now.

What do you think is the percent chance that this one thousand dollar investment will increase in value in the year ahead, so that it is worth more than one thousand dollars one year from now?

______________PERCENT CHANCE

A29a. Next I would like to ask you about your OWN (personal) income prospects in the next twelve months. What do you think is the percent chance that your income in the next twelve months will be higher than your income in the past twelve months?

______________PERCENT CHANCE
**SECTION AA: FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS**

**AA1.** The next questions are about investments in the stock market. First, do you (or any member of your family living there) have any investments in the stock market, including any publicly traded stock that is directly owned, stocks in mutual funds, stocks in any of your retirement accounts, including 401(K)s, IRAs, or Keogh accounts?

1. **YES**  
5. **NO**

**GO TO NEXT SECTION**

**AA2.** Considering all of your (family’s) investments in the stock market, overall about how much would your investments be worth today? (PROBE: What is your best estimate?)

$________________________  
99999998. **DON'T KNOW**

**GO TO NEXT SECTION**

**AA2a.** Would the total be $25,000 or more?

1. **YES**  
5. **NO**

**AA2b.** Is it $50,000 or more?

1. **YES**  
5. **NO**

**GO TO NEXT SECTION**

**AA2c.** Is it $100,000 or more?

1. **YES**  
5. **NO**

**AA2d.** Is it $10,000 or more?

1. **YES**  
5. **NO**

**GO TO NEXT SECTION**

**AA2e.** Is it $5,000 or more?

1. **YES**  
5. **NO**
SECTION CA: VEHICLE FINANCING

CA1. Did you (or anyone in your family living there) purchase a vehicle during the past six months? [DO NOT INCLUDE LEASED VEHICLES]

1. YES 5. NO

* GO TO NEXT SECTION

CA2. In which month and year did (you/your family) buy this vehicle?

__________/__________
MONTH YEAR

CA3. Was it a brand new vehicle or a used vehicle?

1. NEW 2. USED

CA4. What type of vehicle was it -- a car, a pickup, a van, or a sport utility vehicle?

1. CAR 2. PICKUP 3. VAN 4. UTILITY

CA4a. Did you trade in a vehicle when you purchased the (car/pickup/van/sport utility/vehicle)?

1. YES 5. NO

* GO TO CA4C

CA4b. What price did the dealership give you for the old vehicle?

$ ________________ 999998. DON’T KNOW
CA4c. Did you receive a cash rebate or incentive from the dealership when you purchased the (car/pickup/van/sport utility/vehicle)?

1. YES 5. NO

* GO TO CA5

CA4d. How much was this cash incentive?

$ _____________________________ 999998. DON’T KNOW

CA5. How much did you (or anyone in your family living there) pay for the (car/pickup/van/sport utility/vehicle) (after deducting the vehicle trade-in and the cash rebate or incentive)?

$ _____________________________ 999998. DON’T KNOW

CA6. Did you (or anyone in your family living there) borrow any money to purchase the (car/pickup/van/sport utility/vehicle) or did you pay for it all in cash?

1. BORROWED MONEY 5. PAID ALL CASH

* GO TO CA8

CA7. Did the cash come from your savings or investments, was it from a home equity loan or mortgage refinancing, or from somewhere else? [CHECK ALL THAT APPLY]

1. SAVINGS; INVESTMENTS

2. HOME EQUITY LOAN

3. MORTGAGE REFINANCING

7. OTHER (SPECIFY): ________________________________

* GO TO NEXT SECTION
CA8. How much in total was borrowed to purchase the (car/pickup/van/sport utility/vehicle)?

$ ____________________ 999998. DON'T KNOW

CA8a. How many months is the loan for?

________________________ NUMBER OF 1. MONTHS 2. YEARS 98. DON'T KNOW

CA9. What is the current interest rate of the loan for the (car/pickup/van/sport utility/vehicle)?

________________________ PERCENT 98. DON'T KNOW

CA10. Where did you obtain the loan -- from a bank or savings association, a credit union, a finance company, the vehicle manufacturer, or from somewhere else?

1. BANK OR SAVINGS ASSOCIATION 2. CREDIT UNION 3. FINANCE COMPANY 4. VEHICLE MANUFACTURER

7. OTHER
(SPECIFY): ____________________________________________________
### INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

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BA1. Now (in this next part of the interview), we will talk about different countries around the world. First, we would like you to think about what life was like in England around 1600, and compare it to what life was like in England 200 years later, around 1800. I’m going to read you a list, and for each item I want you to tell me whether you think it was more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800.

First, how about married children living with their parents or in-laws -- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA2. Females marrying before the age of eighteen -- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA3. Family unity and loyalty (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA4. Personal freedom (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA5. Parental control over adult children (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
BA6. What about equality between women and men (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA7. Women who never marry (-- were they more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA8. Men having more than one married wife at the same time (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA9. Arranged marriages (-- were they more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA10. Couples having many children (-- were they more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
BA11. Marriages breaking up (-- were they more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA12. A high degree of respect for women in society (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA13. Babies born to unmarried mothers (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA14. Opposite sex couples living together without being married (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA15. What about romantic love between a husband and wife (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
BA16. People living in cities (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA17. How about children dying before their first birthday (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA18. High standard of living (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA19. People working on farms (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BA20. Many people receiving education in schools (-- was this more common in England around 1600 or more common in England 200 years later, around 1800)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
EXACT TIME NOW: _______________

BB1. Now (in this next part of the interview), we would like you to think about development in different countries around the world today. We’ll be talking about countries as varied as France and Mongolia. Think of a development scale that rates countries from zero to ten. The least developed places in the world are rated zero and the most developed places in the world are rated ten. You can use both of those numbers for rating countries plus all of the numbers in between.

Using this development scale, where would you put Japan?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

__________ SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BB3

BB2. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Japan?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

__________ SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

BB3. Using this development scale of zero to ten, where would you put Nigeria?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

__________ SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BB5

BB4. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Nigeria?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

__________ SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
BB5. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put India?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BB7

BB6. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put India?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

BB7. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put the United
States?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BB9

BB8. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put the United States?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

BB9. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put China?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BB11

BB10. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put China?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
BB11. We are going to continue with the same scale for several more countries. Using this development scale of zero to ten again, where would you put Zimbabwe? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BB13

BB12. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Zimbabwe? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

BB13. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put Sweden? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BB15

BB14. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Sweden? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

BB15. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put Brazil? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BB17

BB16. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Brazil? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
BB17. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put Pakistan? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BB19

BB18. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Pakistan? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”]

BB19. (Using this development scale of zero to ten,) where would you put the Central African Republic? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”] [IF R ASKS WHERE CAR IS, SAY: “This is a country in the middle of Africa.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION

BB20. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put the Central African Republic? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is least developed; ten is most developed.”] [IF R ASKS WHERE CAR IS, SAY: “This is a country in the middle of Africa.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
EXACT TIME NOW: _______________

BC1. Next, please think about what life is like in the country of India and compare it to what life is like here in the United States. Please tell me whether each of the following things is more common today in India or more common in the United States. First, how about married children living with their parents or in-laws -- is this more common in India or more common in the United States?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  
2. MORE COMMON IN US  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC2. Females marrying before the age of eighteen -- is this more common in India or more common in the United States?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  
2. MORE COMMON IN US  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC3. Family unity and loyalty (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  
2. MORE COMMON IN US  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC4. Personal freedom (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  
2. MORE COMMON IN US  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC5. Parental control over adult children (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  
2. MORE COMMON IN US  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC6. What about equality between women and men (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  
2. MORE COMMON IN US  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
BC7. Women who never marry (-- are they more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC8. Men having more than one married wife at the same time (-- is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC9. Arranged marriages (-- are they more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC10. Couples having many children (-- are they more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC11. Marriages breaking up (-- are they more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC12. A high degree of respect for women in society (-- is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC13. Babies born to unmarried mothers (-- is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
BC14. Opposite sex couples living together without being married (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC15. What about romantic love between a husband and wife (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC16. People living in cities (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC17. How about children dying before their first birthday (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC18. High standard of living (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC19. People working on farms (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BC20. Many people receiving education in schools (– is this more common in India or more common in the United States)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
BD1. Now, please think about what life is like today in countries that are not developed and compare it to what life is like today in countries that are developed. Please tell me whether each of the following things is more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed.

First, how about married children living with their parents or in-laws -- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD2. Females marrying before the age of eighteen -- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD3. Family unity and loyalty (–- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD4. Personal freedom (–- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD5. Parental control over adult children (–- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD6. What about equality between women and men (–- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Not Developed</th>
<th>Developed</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BD7. Women who never marry (--- are they more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?</td>
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<td>BD8. Men having more than one married wife at the same time (--- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?</td>
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<td>BD11. Marriages breaking up (--- are they more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?</td>
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<td>BD12. A high degree of respect for women in society (--- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?</td>
<td>1. NOT DEVELOPED</td>
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BD14. Opposite sex couples living together without being married (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
2. DEVELOPED  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD15. What about romantic love between a husband and wife (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
2. DEVELOPED  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD16. People living in cities (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
2. DEVELOPED  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD17. How about children dying before their first birthday (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
2. DEVELOPED  
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BD18. High standard of living (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
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3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD19. People working on farms (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
2. DEVELOPED  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)

BD20. Many people receiving education in schools (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed or more common in countries that are developed)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  
2. DEVELOPED  
3. ABOUT THE SAME (IF VOL.)
BE1. Now (in this next part of the interview), we would like you to think about what life was like in England around 1600, and compare it to what life was like in England 200 years later, around 1800. I’m going to read you a list, and for each item I want you to tell me whether you think it was more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same.

First, how about married children living with their parents or in-laws -- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600  
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800  
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE2. Females marrying before the age of eighteen -- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600  
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800  
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE3. Family unity and loyalty (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600  
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800  
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE4. Personal freedom (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600  
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800  
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE5. Parental control over adult children (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600  
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800  
3. ABOUT THE SAME
BE6. What about equality between women and men (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE7. Women who never marry (-- were they more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE8. Men having more than one married wife at the same time (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE9. Arranged marriages (-- were they more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE10. Couples having many children (-- were they more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME
BE11. Marriages breaking up (-- were they more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

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BE12. A high degree of respect for women in society (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

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BE13. Babies born to unmarried mothers (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

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BE14. Opposite sex couples living together without being married (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

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BE15. What about romantic love between a husband and wife (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

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BE16. People living in cities (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE17. How about children dying before their first birthday (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE18. High standard of living (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE19. People working on farms (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

BE20. Many people receiving education in schools (-- was this more common in England around 1600, more common in England 200 years later, around 1800, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON AROUND 1600
2. MORE COMMON AROUND 1800
3. ABOUT THE SAME

GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
BF1. Now (in this next part of the interview), we will talk about different countries around the world. We would like you to think about development in different countries around the world today. We’ll be talking about countries as varied as France and Mongolia. Think of a development scale that rates countries from ten to zero. The most developed places in the world are rated ten and the least developed places in the world are rated zero. You can use both of those numbers for rating countries plus all of the numbers in between.

Using this development scale, where would you put Japan? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Ten is most developed; zero is least developed." ]

______ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BF3

BF2. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Japan? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Ten is most developed; zero is least developed."]

________________________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

BF3. Using this development scale of ten to zero, where would you put Nigeria? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Ten is most developed; zero is least developed."]

________________________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BF5

BF4. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Nigeria? [IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Ten is most developed; zero is least developed." ]

________________________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW
BF5. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put India?  
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

* GO TO BF7

BF6. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put India?  
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

BF7. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put the United States?  
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

* GO TO BF9

BF8. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put the United States?  
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

BF9. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put China?  
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

* GO TO BF11

BF10. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put China?  
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]
BF11. Using this development scale of ten to zero again, where would you put Zimbabwe?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

__________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BF13

BF12. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Zimbabwe?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

_______ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

BF13. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put Sweden?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

_______ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BF15

BF14. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Sweden?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

__________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW

BF15. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put Brazil?
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__________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW
GO TO BF17

BF16. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Brazil?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

__________ SCALE (10-0) 98. DON’T KNOW
BF17. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put Pakistan?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Ten is most developed; zero is least developed."]

    SCALE (10-0)  98. DON'T KNOW
    GO TO BF19

BF18. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Pakistan?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]

    SCALE (10-0)  98. DON'T KNOW

BF19. (Using this development scale of ten to zero,) where would you put the Central African Republic?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]
[IR R ASKS WHERE CAR IS, SAY: “This is a country in the middle of Africa.”]

    SCALE (10-0)  98. DON'T KNOW
    GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION

BF20. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put the Central African Republic?
[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Ten is most developed; zero is least developed.”]
[IR R ASKS WHERE CAR IS, SAY: “This is a country in the middle of Africa.”]

    SCALE (10-0)  98. DON'T KNOW

    GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
BG1. Now, please think about what life is like today in countries that are not developed and compare it to what life is like today in countries that are developed. Please tell me whether each of the following things is more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same.

First, how about married children living with their parents or in-laws -- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG2. Females marrying before the age of eighteen -- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG3. Family unity and loyalty (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG4. Personal freedom (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG5. Parental control over adult children (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG6. What about equality between women and men (-- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME
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1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG8. Men having more than one married wife at the same time (--- is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?
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BG9. Arranged marriages (--- are they more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?
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BG18. High standard of living (— is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG19. People working on farms (— is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BG20. Many people receiving education in schools (— is this more common in countries that are not developed, more common in countries that are developed, or about the same)?

1. NOT DEVELOPED  2. DEVELOPED  3. ABOUT THE SAME

GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
BH1. Next, please think about what life is like in the country of India and compare it to what life is like here in the United States. Please tell me whether each of the following things is more common today in India, more common in the United States, or about the same.

First, how about married children living with their parents or in-laws -- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH2. Females marrying before the age of eighteen -- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH3. Family unity and loyalty (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH4. Personal freedom (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH5. Parental control over adult children (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH6. What about equality between women and men (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME
BH7. Women who never marry (-- are they more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH8. Men having more than one married wife at the same time (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH9. Arranged marriages (-- are they more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH10. Couples having many children (-- are they more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH11. Marriages breaking up (-- are they more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH12. A high degree of respect for women in society (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH13. Babies born to unmarried mothers (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA  2. MORE COMMON IN US  3. ABOUT THE SAME
BH14. Opposite sex couples living together without being married (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH15. What about romantic love between a husband and wife (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH16. People living in cities (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH17. How about children dying before their first birthday (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH18. High standard of living (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH19. People working on farms (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

BH20. Many people receiving education in schools (-- is this more common in India, more common in the United States, or about the same)?

1. MORE COMMON IN INDIA 2. MORE COMMON IN US 3. ABOUT THE SAME

GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION
BJ1. Next we would like you to think about income differences between the rich and poor people in countries around the world. This time we will use an income difference scale to rate countries. This scale is not the same as the development scale you used earlier. Countries that have the smallest difference in income between the rich and the poor are rated zero, and countries that have the largest difference in income between the rich and the poor are rated ten. You can use both of those numbers for rating income differences, plus all the numbers in between.

Using this income difference scale where zero equals the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country, where would you put Nigeria?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BJ3

BJ2. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Nigeria?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

_________________________ SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW
BJ3. (Using this income difference scale where zero equals the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country,) where would you put India?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country."]

________________________
SCALE (0-10) 98. DON'T KNOW

*  

BJ4. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put India?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country."]

________________________
SCALE (0-10) 98. DON'T KNOW

*  

BJ5. (Using this income difference scale where zero equals the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country,) where would you put the United States?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country."]

________________________
SCALE (0-10) 98. DON'T KNOW

*  

BJ6. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put the United States?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: "Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country."]

________________________
SCALE (0-10) 98. DON'T KNOW
BJ7. (Using this *income difference* scale where zero equals the *smallest* income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the *largest* income difference between rich and poor in a country,) where would you put China?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

SCALE (0-10)  98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BJ9

BJ8. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put China?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

SCALE (0-10)  98. DON’T KNOW

BJ9. (IF FORM B, THEN READ: We really appreciate your effort so far and would like to take a moment to thank you for providing us with valuable information. Now let’s continue with Sweden.)

(Using this *income difference* scale again where zero equals the *smallest* income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the *largest* income difference between rich and poor in a country,) where would you put Sweden?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

SCALE (0-10)  98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BJ11

BJ10. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Sweden?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]
BJ11. (Using this income difference scale where zero equals the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country,) where would you put Brazil?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BJ13

BJ12. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Brazil?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

BJ13. (Using this income difference scale where zero equals the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country and ten equals the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country,) where would you put Pakistan?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]

SCALE (0-10) 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO FORM’S NEXT SECTION

BJ14. Even if you don’t know exactly, about where would you put Pakistan?

[IF R ASKS YOU MAY INFORM: “Zero is the smallest income difference between rich and poor in a country; ten is the largest income difference between rich and poor in a country.”]
EXACT TIME NOW: _______________

BK1. Next I am going to ask you some questions about family life today in two countries, the United States and Sweden.

The first question is about married couples. About what percent of married couples in the United States today live together before they get married?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK2. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK3. And what about Sweden? About what percent of married couples in Sweden today live together before they get married?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK4. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK5. These next questions will ask you to think about family life in the United States about twenty years from now. How likely do you think it will be that at least eighty percent of married couples will live together before they get married? Do you think this will be very likely, somewhat likely, somewhat unlikely, or very unlikely?

1. VERY LIKELY  2. SOMEWHAT LIKELY  3. SOMEWHAT UNLIKELY  4. VERY UNLIKELY

BK6. Suppose that, about twenty years from now, at least eighty percent of married couples lived together before they got married. Would you strongly approve, approve, disapprove, or strongly disapprove?

1. STRONGLY APPROVE  2. APPROVE  3. NEITHER APPROVE NOR DISAPPROVE  4. DISAPPROVE  5. STRONGLY DISAPPROVE
BK7. Next, what would you say is the average age at first marriage for women in the United States today?

AVERAGE AGE 98. DON'T KNOW

GO TO BK9

BK8. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

AVERAGE AGE 98. DON'T KNOW

BK9. And what about Sweden? What would you say is the average age at first marriage for women in Sweden today?

AVERAGE AGE 98. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BK11

BK10. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

AVERAGE AGE 98. DON’T KNOW

BK11. In the United States about twenty years from now, how likely do you think it will be that the average age at first marriage for women will be at least thirty-five years old? Do you think this will be very likely, somewhat likely, somewhat unlikely, or very unlikely?

1. VERY LIKELY 2. SOMewhat LIKELY 3. SOMEWHAT UNLIKELY 4. VERY UNLIKELY

BK12. Suppose that, about twenty years from now, the average age at first marriage for women was at least thirty-five years old. Would you strongly approve, approve, disapprove, or strongly disapprove?

1. STRONGLY APPROVE 2. APPROVE 3. NEITHER APPROVE NOR DISAPPROVE 4. DISAPPROVE 5. STRONGLY DISAPPROVE
BK13. Next let’s talk about babies. About what percent of babies born in the United States today are born to mothers who are not married?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BK15

BK14. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK15. And what about Sweden? (About what percent of babies in Sweden today are born to mothers who are not married?)

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BK17

BK16. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK17. In the United States about twenty years from now, how likely do you think it will be that at least sixty percent of babies will be born to women who are not married? Do you think this will be very likely, somewhat likely, somewhat unlikely, or very unlikely?

1. VERY LIKELY 2. SOMewhat LIKELY 3. SOMewhat UNLIKELY 4. VERY UNLIKELY

BK18. Suppose that, about twenty years from now, at least sixty percent of babies are born to women who are not married. Would you strongly approve, approve, disapprove, or strongly disapprove?

1. STRONGLY APPROVE 2. APPROVE 3. NEITHER APPROVE NOR DISAPPROVE 4. DISAPPROVE 5. STRONGLY DISAPPROVE
BK19. The next topic is divorce. About what percent of marriages in the United States today end in divorce?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BK21

BK20. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK21. And what about Sweden? (About what percent of marriages in Sweden today end in divorce?)

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

GO TO BK23

BK22. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

PERCENT 998. DON’T KNOW

BK23. In the United States about twenty years from now, how likely do you think it will be that at least seventy-five percent of marriages will end in divorce? Do you think this will be very likely, somewhat likely, somewhat unlikely, or very unlikely?

1. VERY LIKELY
2. SOMewhat LIKELY
3. SOMewhat UNLIKELY
4. VERY UNLIKELY

BK24. Suppose that, about twenty years from now, at least seventy-five percent of marriages end in divorce. Would you strongly approve, approve, disapprove, or strongly disapprove?

1. STRONGLY APPROVE
2. APPROVE
3. NEITHER APPROVE NOR DISAPPROVE
4. DISAPPROVE
5. STRONGLY DISAPPROVE
BK25. Next, on average, about how many children are born per woman in the United States today?

   AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN 98. DON’T KNOW

   *

   GO TO BK27

BK26. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

   AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN 98. DON’T KNOW

   *

   GO TO BK27

BK27. And what about Sweden? (On average, about how many children are born per woman in Sweden today?)

   AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN 98. DON’T KNOW

   *

   GO TO BK29

BK28. Even if you don’t know for sure, what is your best estimate?

   AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHILDREN 98. DON’T KNOW

BK29. In the United States about twenty years from now, how likely do you think it will be that at least seventy-five percent of women will give birth to just one child or even choose to have no children? Do you think this will be very likely, somewhat likely, somewhat unlikely, or very unlikely?

   1. VERY LIKELY  
   2. SOMewhat LIKELY  
   3. SOMewhat UNLIKELY  
   4. VERY UNLIKELY

BK30. Suppose that, about twenty years from now, at least seventy-five percent of women gave birth to just one child or even chose to have no children. Would you strongly approve, approve, disapprove, or strongly disapprove?

   1. STRONGLY APPROVE  
   2. APPROVE  
   3. NEITHER APPROVE NOR DISAPPROVE  
   4. DISAPPROVE  
   5. STRONGLY DISAPPROVE
BK31. Next, how interested are you in facts about other countries? Are you very interested, somewhat interested, hardly interested, or not at all interested?

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. VERY INTERESTED</td>
<td>2. SOMEWHAT INTERESTED</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. HARDLY INTERESTED</td>
<td>4. NOT AT ALL INTERESTED</td>
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</table>

GO TO NEXT SECTION
SECTION E: DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

E1_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF RECON AND EDUCATION NOT MISSING—--> GO TO E1_1

2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH MISSING EDUCATION —--> GO TO E1

E1_1. Now I would like to confirm some information from the first interview six months ago.

In the first interview you said you had ([number] grades of schooling/[number] year(s) of college) and (did not receive a high school diploma or pass a high school equivalency test/received a high school diploma or passed a high school equivalency test/did not receive a college degree/and received a college degree). Is this correct?

1. YES 5. NO
GO TO E2_0

E1. (Now we would like to ask a few questions about you (and your family).)
What is the highest grade of school or year of college you completed?

E1a. Did you get a high school graduation diploma or pass a high school equivalency test?

1. YES 5. NO
GO TO E2_0

E1b. Do you have a college degree?

1. YES 5. NO
GO TO E2_0

E1c. What is the highest degree you have earned?

1. ASSOCIATES 2. BACHELORS 3. MASTERS 4. MBA 5. LAW 6. PHD 7. MD
97. OTHER: ________________________________
E2_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF RECON AND BIRTHDATE NOT MISSING—--> GO TO E2_1
   * 2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH MISSING BIRTHDATE—--> GO TO E2

E2_1. Our records show you were born in [birth month] [birth year]. Is this correct?

1. YES 5. NO

GO TO E3_0

E2. What is the month and year of your birth?

_________________/_________________
MONTH             YEAR

E3_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF RECON AND MARITAL STATUS NOT MISSING—--> GO TO E3_1
   * 2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH MISSING MARITAL STATUS—--> GO TO E3

E3_1. Our records show that you (are married/are living with a partner/are separated/are divorced/are widowed/have never been married/are married, but your spouse is absent). Is this correct?

1. YES 5. NO

GO TO E4_0

E3. Are you currently married, (living with a partner), separated, divorced, widowed, or have you never been married?

1. MARRIED
   (LIVING WITH A PARTNER)  2. SEPARATED  3. DIVORCED  4. WIDOWED  5. NEVER MARRIED

GO TO E6
E4_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF RECON AND SPOUSE EDUCATION NOT MISSING—–> GO TO E4_1
* 2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH MISSING SPOUSE EDUCATION—–> GO TO E4
*
*
*

E4_1. In the first interview you said your (husband/wife/partner/spouse) had ([number] grades of schooling/[number] year(s) of college) and (did not receive a high school diploma or pass a high school equivalency test/received a high school diploma or passed a high school equivalency test/did not receive a college degree/and received a college degree).
Is this correct?

1. YES 5. NO
GO TO E5_0

E4. What is the highest grade of school or year of college your (husband/wife/partner) completed?

E4a. Did your (husband/wife/partner) get a high school graduation diploma or pass a high school equivalency test?

1. YES 5. NO
GO TO E5_0

E4b. Does your (husband/wife/partner) have a college degree?

1. YES 5. NO
GO TO E5_0

E4c. What is the highest degree your (husband/wife/partner) has earned?

1. ASSOCIATES 2. BACHELORS 3. MASTERS 4. MBA 5. LAW 6. PHD 7. MD

97. OTHER: ________________________________
E5_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF RECON WITH SPOUSE BIRTHDATE NOT MISSING—--> GO TO E5_1
   * 2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH MISSING SPOUSE BIRTHDATE —--> GO TO E5

E5_1. Our records show your (husband/wife/partner/spouse) was born in [birth month] [birth year]. Is this correct?

1. YES  5. NO

GO TO E6_0

E5. What is the month and year of (his/her) birth?

__________________/__________________
MONTH             YEAR

E6_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. IF RECON AND NUMBER OF KIDS NOT MISSING—--> GO TO E6_1
   * 2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH NUMBER OF KIDS MISSING—--> GO TO E6

E6_1. Six months ago you said there (were no children/was one child/were [number] children) 17 years old or younger in your household. Is this still correct?

1. YES  5. NO

GO TO E7

E6. How many members of your household are 17 years of age or younger?

__________________# 17 OR YOUNGER

96. NONE
E7. Counting yourself, how many members of your household are 18 or older?

____________# 18 OR OLDER

E8_0. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

☐ 1. IF RECON AND RACE NOT MISSING---GO TO E8_1
 ☐ * 2. IF RDD OR RECON WITH MISSING RACE---GO TO E8

E8_1. Our records show that your race or ethnic origin is (White or Caucasian (except Hispanic)/Black or African American (except Hispanic)/Hispanic/Native American/Asian) Is this correct?

1. YES 5. NO

GO TO E9

E8. Would you mind telling me your race or ethnic origin? Are you Hispanic or Latino?

1. YES 5. NO

E8a. (In addition to being Hispanic,) Do you consider yourself primarily white or Caucasian, black or African American, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Asian or Pacific Islander?

1. WHITE OR CAUCASIAN 2. BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN 3. AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKAN NATIVE 4. ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER
E9. Do all of the telephones in your home have the same number, or do you have more than one telephone number in your home?

1. All PHONES HAVE SAME NUMBER  
   GO TO E10

5. MORE THAN ONE PHONE NUMBER

E9a. Not counting cell phones, how many different telephone numbers are there in your home?  
[IWER: DO NOT INCLUDE CELL PHONES.]

02. TWO PHONE NUMBERS  
03. THREE PHONE NUMBERS  
04. FOUR PHONE NUMBERS  
# PHONE NUMBERS

E9b. How many of these telephone numbers are for business use only?

96. NONE  
01. ONE NUMBER  
02. TWO NUMBERS  
# PHONE NUMBERS
EXACT TIME NOW: _______________

E10. And now I want to ask you about your religious preference -- that is, are you Protestant, Catholic, Jewish, Muslim, or something else?

1. PROTESTANT 2. CATHOLIC 3. JEWISH 4. MUSLIM 96. NO PREFERENCE

* * * * *

GO TO E11

97. OTHER (SPECIFY): ____________________________________

GO TO E12

E11. What specific Protestant denomination do you consider yourself to be, if any?

1. BAPTIST 2. METHODIST 3. LUTHERAN 4. PRESBYTERIAN 5. EPISCOPAL 6. PENTECOSTAL

7. UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST 96. NO DENOMINATION GIVEN

97. OTHER (SPECIFY): ________________________

GO TO E12

E12. How often do you usually attend religious services? Would you say never, maybe once a year, a few times a year, once a month, a few times a month, once a week, or more than once a week?


E13. Quite apart from attending religious services, how important would you say religion is to you -- very important, somewhat important, hardly important, or not at all important?

1. VERY IMPORTANT 2. SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT 3. HARDLY IMPORTANT 4. NOT AT ALL IMPORTANT
SECTION F: FEELINGS, CHARITY, AND NEWS

F1. Now think about the past week and the feelings you have experienced. Please tell me if each of the following statements was true for you much of the time during the past week.

First, much of the time during the past week, you were happy. Would you say yes or no?

1. YES  5. NO

F2. (Much of the time during the past week,) you felt depressed. (Would you say yes or no?)

1. YES  5. NO

F3. (Much of the time during the past week,) you enjoyed life. (Would you say yes or no?)

1. YES  5. NO

F4. (Much of the time during the past week,) you felt sad. (Would you say yes or no?)

1. YES  5. NO

F4a. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

1. RECON
   *
   *  2. RDD --> GO TO NEXT SECTION

F5. Please think of the most important news you have received about your own personal life or career in the past week. On a scale from minus ten (-10) to plus ten (+10), where minus ten means extremely bad news and plus ten means extremely good news, how would you rate that personal news?

SCALE (-10 to +10)  98. DON’T KNOW
F7. Now we have a general question, which is not about the past week. Suppose you became aware of a well-run charity that gave financial help to people who typically had about one-fifth of the income that you (and your (husband/wife/partner)) have. Would you be willing to give five percent of your income per month to that charity if you knew the money would go directly to benefit these people?

1. **YES**  5. **NO**

* GO TO F9

F8. Suppose the charity gave financial help to people who typically had about one-half of the income that you (and your (husband/wife/partner)) have. Would you be willing to give five percent of your income per month to that charity if you knew the money would go directly to benefit these people?

1. **YES**  5. **NO**

GO TO F10

F9. Suppose the charity gave financial help to people who typically had about one-twentieth of the income that you (and your (husband/wife/partner)) have. Would you be willing to give five percent of your income per month to that charity if you knew the money would go directly to benefit these people?

1. **YES**  5. **NO**

F10. Now we have another question about the recent past. Did you watch television news yesterday?

1. **YES**  5. **NO**

F11. What about the day before (did you watch television news)?

1. **YES**  5. **NO**
SECTION R: RAND

R1. Do you use e-mail or the Internet?

1. YES 5. NO

R1a. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

☐ 1. RDD --> GO TO SECTION Z

☐ 2. RECON AND R IS 40 YEARS OLD OR OLDER --> GO TO R2

☐ 3. RECON AND R IS 18-39 YEARS OLD --> GO TO SECTION Z

R2. We are carrying out a new study with RAND, a research organization that is working with us. The study is concerned with how interviews conducted over the Internet may differ from telephone interviews. We would like your permission to allow RAND to contact you for the new study. This is completely voluntary. When they contact you, you can then decide if you wish to participate or not. If you do choose to participate, RAND will pay you $20.

Is it okay for us to give RAND your name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address, if you have one, along with your gender, age, education, income, race or ethnicity, and marital status so they can contact you? All your information will remain confidential.

1. YES 5. NO

GO TO SECTION Z

R2a. INTERVIEWER CHECKPOINT:

☐ 1. IF R1 MARKED "NO" --> GO TO SECTION Z

☐ 2. IF R1 AND R2 BOTH MARKED "YES" --> GO TO R3
R3. RAND may want to contact you by e-mail. May I have your e-mail address, if you have one?

1. HAVE E-MAIL ADDRESS
5. DO NOT HAVE E-MAIL ADDRESS
9. PREFER NOT TO PROVIDE E-MAIL ADDRESS (IF VOL.)

.)))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))

GO TO SECTION Z

R3a. INTERVIEWER: RECORD E-MAIL ADDRESS AND READ BACK CAREFULLY TO VERIFY SPELLING.

E-MAIL ADDRESS:_____________________________________________________

R4. YOU MUST VERIFY AND/OR UPDATE RESPONDENT NAME AND ADDRESS AS NECESSARY.

NAME AND ADDRESS:_________________________________________________

____________________________________________________

____________________________________________________
Z1. The sex, age, and relationship to the respondent of each of the other members of the household who are 18 years of age or older.

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<tr>
<th>(a) LIST BY RELATIONSHIP TO RESPONDENT</th>
<th>(b) SEX</th>
<th>(c) AGE</th>
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<tr>
<td>RESPONSIDENT</td>
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Z2. Number of calls from coversheet: _______________ NUMBER

Z3. Initial refusal on coversheet: 1. YES 5. NO

Z4. Sex of the respondent: 1. MALE 2. FEMALE

Z5. Questions asked about: 1. R ONLY 2. R AND FAMILY

Z6. Interview conducted in: 1. ENGLISH 2. SPANISH

Z7. Was the respondent's understanding of the questions: 1. EXCELLENT 2. GOOD 3. FAIR 4. POOR

Z8. In general, what was the respondent's attitude toward the interview: 1. FRIENDLY & INTERESTED 2. COOPERATIVE BUT NOT PARTICULARLY INTERESTED 3. IMPATIENT 4. HOSTILE